STEP 5

Develop an Enforcement Plan

- Be prepared—decide ahead of time how infractions will be handled.
- Keep detailed records of incidents, complaints, etc. This is especially important if a tenant denies breaching the no-smoking policy.

A sample log is available from Smoke-Free Housing Ontario: www.smokefreehousingon.ca/cms/file/sample_landlord_log.pdf



- Consider including the following steps in your enforcement plan:
 - Send a friendly written reminder clarifying the no-smoking policy on first reported breach of the policy.
 - Send a warning letter(s) for the second breach (and x additional breaches) of the policy.

A sample warning letter is available from Smoke-Free Housing Ontario: www.smokefreehousingon.ca/cms/file/sample_warning_letter.pdf



- · Hold one or more meetings with the tenant violating the policy, and invite others where appropriate, such as family members or social workers, to discuss the problem and to explore possible
- Discuss possible accommodations, if necessary. For example, team up with your local public health unit to provide smoking cessation information and support.
- As a last resort, seek eviction. Cite breach of reasonable enjoyment of neighbouring tenants or substantial interference with your rights, privilege, or interest as a landlord to provide a non-smoking environment.

Information about enforcing a no-smoking policy is available from Smoke-Free Housing Ontario





STEP 6

Implement the No-Smoking Policy

- include policy in lease.
 - Request that tenants initial no-smoking clause.
- Mention policy on application form.
- Finsure enforcement strategy is in place.
- Finsure all staff and stakeholders have a clear understanding of the policy and will be able to assist with education and enforcement where necessary.
- if you have decided to offer smoking cessation information and/or resources alongside your no-smoking policy, have these ready when the policy is implemented.



HOW TO IMPLEMENT A NO-SMOKING POLICY FOR A MULTI-UNIT DWELLING

A PROTOCOL FOR RENTAL HOUSING

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The steps that follow are guidelines only. The rental housing sector is diverse, meaning that the process required to adopt a successful no-smoking policy will vary between different landlords or housing providers. For example, not all businesses or organizations have boards of directors or tenant associations, which makes for a less consultative policy development process.

Social housing providers are different from market rate landlords, operating within a provincial bureaucracy and some work with service area managers. However, regardless of the type of landlord, housing provider, or property manager, a no-smoking policy is a win-win situation, reducing costs and improving the indoor air quality of a building for the tenants who live there.

The fastest and easiest way to go smoke-free in Ontario is to start smoke-free with an empty building. By law, landlords and housing providers must grandfather (exempt) existing tenants who smoke. A no-smoking policy therefore applies to new tenants signing new leases, and existing tenants who are supportive of the policy. A building will gradually become 100% smoke-free through attrition.

STEP 1

Strike a Committee or Working Group

- Try to include diverse stakeholders, such as board members, tenant representatives, staff, etc.
- Review current situation, including complaints over smoking.
- identify options.
- Develop draft policy.

STEP 2

Conduct a Tenant Survey

- What is the extent of the problem of second-hand smoke infiltration?
- How many households already prohibit smoking inside?
- How many households have one or more smokers?
- Assess the level of support for various no-smoking policy options.

A sample survey is available from Smoke-Free Housing Ontario: www.smokefreehousingon.ca/cms/file/sample_tenant_survey.pdf



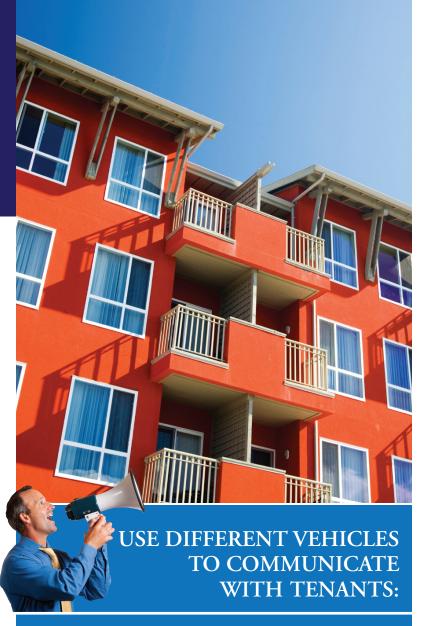
STEP 3

Develop the Policy

- What is the ultimate goal 100% smoke-free or a percentage to remain as smoking? For example, if a landlord owns a complex of buildings, one could remain as "smoking optional" while the other buildings are designated as non-smoking.
- Hold a meeting with tenants to discuss the survey results and draft policy.
- Consider input from all stakeholders and decide on extent of policy:
 - · Includes patios and balconies?
 - Includes buffer zones around doorways, operable windows and/or air intakes?
 - · Includes entire property?
 - Provides designated smoking area(s) outside?
- Explore the feasibility of offering tenants help to quit smoking. Contact your local public health unit for more information and resources.
- pecide on a start date—don't rush it!
 - · Allow time for proper consultation and education.
 - · Spring and summer are the best start times to enable tenants to get used to smoking outside.
- Keep in mind that a no-smoking policy can be implemented in phases:
 - For example, a pilot project could be run with a few buildings, or with one separate wing of a building. Or, an outside designated smoking area could be established on the property for a period of time before the entire property is designated as non-smoking.
- Note that by law, landlords/housing providers in Ontario must grandfather existing tenants who smoke.

A sample landlord policy with lease language is available from Smoke-Free Housing Ontario: www.smokefreehousingon.ca/cms/file/sample_landlord_policy.pdf





Use a tenant newsletter or website (if available).

Send individual notices to tenants.

Conduct face-to-face meetings.

Post a "countdown to the policy" banner in front lobby.

Provide tenants with fridge magnets or shopping lists ("Welcome to Your Non-Smoking Home") to further advertise the policy.

Issue a press release.

A sample press release is available from Smoke-Free Housing Ontario: www.smokefreehousingon.ca/cms/file/sample_press_release.pdf

STEP 4

Develop a Communications Strategy

- Make the messaging positive and focus on the health benefits.
- Begin with general information about the problem of involuntary exposure to second-hand smoke (for example, put a series of articles in a newsletter or online). Your local public health unit may assist with fact sheets, articles, etc.
- Keep stakeholders informed of what's happening throughout the process.
- © Choose a start date for the no-smoking policy that gives tenants and those on the waiting list sufficient advanced notice (three to six months is ideal).

A sample tenant notification letter is available from Smoke-Free Housing Ontario:

- Install signage in the common areas and paint lines outdoors (if policy includes a buffer zone around entranceways).
- If applicable, designate an outdoor smoking area and make it comfortable for smokers.
- © Consider installing a comment box in the lobby to solicit input on a regular basis.
- © Consider additional communications six months to one year after the policy has been implemented to remind tenants of the policy and to thank them for their support. Use survey results to emphasize positive messaging.
- Advertise the no-smoking policy along with unit vacancies. Be careful with wording. A building is not "smoke-free" until the last unit has been cleaned up and designated as non-smoking. Manage tenants' expectations by ensuring that they understand the building is in transition and that there are grandfathered tenants who are still permitted to smoke in their units.



Sample communication package.